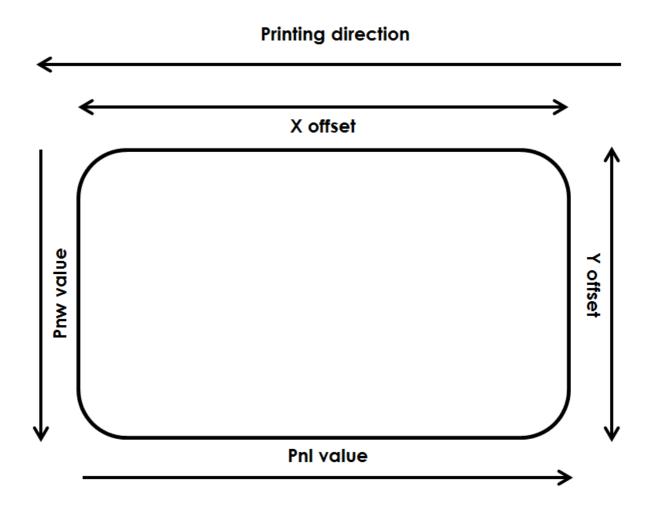


Offset adjustment procedure Zenius / Primacy



1) Print a technical test card to get the offset default values:

In the **Print center properties/System details/Testing card**, click on the **Technical test card** button

Printer model:	Primacy M/S/C Option
Code:	EAA
Printer s/n:	10000244645
Firmware version:	1227
Print head kit n°1:	288-E1Y01192
X-Y-Smart offsets:	<u>234 - 1</u> 2 - 415
Printed Lines L/W :	1000L / 636W
nserted cards 4:	294 G:294
Cleaning cycles H:	0 / 284 c
Cleaning cycles G:	0 / 284 c
Mac address:	00-1A-FD-03-BB-A5
P address:	0.0.0.0 Auto

X offset value	Y offset value	Vertical printed lines	Horizontal printed lines

2) Offset reading commands:

To read the offset values, you can use these commands from the **Print center properties/Maintenance/Printer command prompting**:

Ry(Y offset value)Rx(X offset value)Rnl(vertical printed lines)Rnw(Horizontal printed lines)

3) Offset adjustment commands:

From the **Print center properties/Maintenance/Printer command prompting**, you can send these commands to set the image size and positioning:

Px;=;Value Px;+;Value Px;-;Value	(Vertical printing positioning - Increase this value to move the printing area to the right side of the card)	
Py;=;Value	(Horizontal printing positioning - Increase this value to move the printing area to the bottom of the card)	
Py;+;Value Py;-;Value		
Pnl;=;Value	(Increase this value to increase the number of vertical printed lines on the right side of the card)	
Pnl;+;Value Pnl;-;Value		
Pnw;Value	(Increase this value to increase the number of horizontal printed lines on the top of the card)	

4) <u>Tips</u>

- Adjust the X offset before the PnI value.

- To reduce the margin on the right side, increase the Pnl value one-by-one.

 \rightarrow Do not set it directly to the maximum value (1016).

- If you increase or decrease too much the Y offset value or the number of horizontally printed lines, you will see wrinkles along the edges of the design.

- If you reduce too much the X offset value, the printer will cut the ribbon or nothing will be printed on the card (because the print head starts to print before the card)

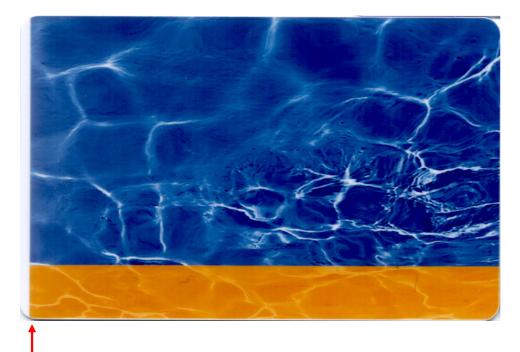
- The values are in dots (12 dots = \sim 1mm), so adjust them one-by-one.

- Send the Sc (sequence copy) to print the last design saved in the printer memory

5) Sample of adjustment:

Printing direction

Sample1:



- A white margin can be observed on the left of the card.

Solution:

Reduce the X offset to move the printing area to the left of the card (12 dots = \sim 1mm).

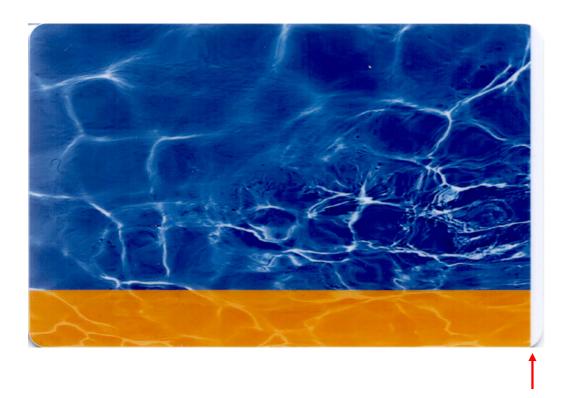
Commands:

Px;=;Value

Px;+;Value

Px;-;Value

Sample2:



- A white margin can be observed on the right of the card.

Solution:

Increase this value to increase the number of vertical printed lines on the right side of the card (12 dots = \sim 1mm).

>>Make sure the X offset value has been correctly set before modifying the Pnl value

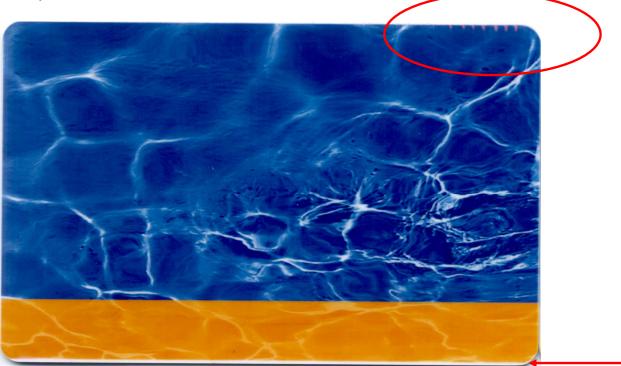
Commands:

Pnl;=;Value

Pnl;+;Value

Pnl;-;Value

Sample3:



- A white margin can be observed on the bottom of the card or/and wrinkles are on the top of the card.

Solution:

Increase the Y offset to move the printing area to the bottom of the card (12 dots = \sim 1mm).

Commands:

Py;=;Value

Py;+;Value

Py;-;Value